UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/560,931	12/15/2005	Toshiharu Miyai	MIYAI 2	4352
	7590 04/07/200 D NEIMARK, P.L.L.C	EXAMINER		
624 NINTH STREET, NW			GWARTNEY, ELIZABETH A	
SUITE 300 WASHINGTON, DC 20001-5303		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1794	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/07/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/560,931	MIYAI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Elizabeth Gwartney	1794				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 De	ecember 2008.					
	action is non-final.					
<i>;</i> —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> </ul>						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:	ate				
	,					

Application/Control Number: 10/560,931 Page 2

Art Unit: 1794

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The Amendment filed 02/31/2008 has been entered. Claims 1-10 remain pending.

# Claim Objections

2. Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities: (1) The term "dieprsants" in line 5 appears to be a typographical error and should read "dispersants"; and (2) the recitation "which comprises sucralose one or more polysaccharides selected from group. . ." appears to be missing a comma between "sucralose" and "one or more." Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any

evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

6. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Corriveau et al. (US 2004/0043134) in view of Park et al. ("Gas and Water Vapor Barrier Properties of Edible Films from Protein and Cellulosic Materials").

Regarding claims 1-3, Corriveau et al. disclose a rolled edible thin film composition which comprises sucralose and pullulan ([0082],[0092], [0102]/Ex.3).

While Corriveau et al. disclose water as a dispersant for the pullulan, the reference does not disclose alcohol.

Park et al. disclose an edible film composition comprising cellulosic materials and 95% ethanol (Abstract, p. 498/Materials).

Corriveau et al. and Park et al. are combinable because they are concerned with the same field of endeavor, namely, edible films. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have used ethanol, as taught by Park et al., in the edible film composition of Corriveau et al. because doing so would amount to nothing more than a use of a known dispersant for its intended use in a known environment to accomplish entirely expected results.

Regarding claim 4, Corriveau et al. disclose all of the claim limitations as set forth above. Corriveau et al. also disclose that the composition comprises 40 parts by weight of pullulan to 1 part by weight sucralose ([0102]/Ex.3).

Application/Control Number: 10/560,931

Art Unit: 1794

Regarding claim 5, Corriveau et al. disclose all of the claim limitations as set forth above. Further, Corriveau et al. disclose as polysaccharides, a combination of pullulan and carrageenan ([0102/Ex.3).

Page 4

Regarding claims 6 and 9-10, Corriveau et al. disclose all of the claim limitations as set forth above and that the composition further comprises flavoring ([0088]), high intensity sweeteners besides sucralose ([0092]), sugar alcohols ([0091]), emulsifiers ([0089]) and fillers ([0084]). Further, Corriveau et al. disclose that the sweetener with high sweetness is aspartame ([0102]/Ex.3) and the flavor is one or more selected from the group consisting of lemon, mint, orange and rose ([0088], [0102]).

Regarding claims 7-8, Corriveau et al. disclose all of the claim limitations as set forth above but do not explicitly disclose that the composition dissolves in one liter of 20°C water within 100 seconds when 0.1 g of which is soaked therein and then macroscopically observed while allowing to stand or which has a tensile strength of at least 450 gf when determined according to the method in "JIS Z 1707:1997" of Japanese Industrial Standards under the conditions of a temperature of 20°C, relative humidity of 50% tensile speed of 50 mm/min, and using a test sample 15 mm wide. Given that Corriveau et al. disclose a sweet film composition identical to that presently claimed, it is clear that the film would inherently display the recited properties.

## Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-10 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Application/Control Number: 10/560,931 Page 5

Art Unit: 1794

#### Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elizabeth Gwartney whose telephone number is (571) 270-3874. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday;7:30AM - 5:00PM EST, working alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Keith Hendricks can be reached on (571) 272- 1401. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/560,931 Page 6

Art Unit: 1794

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/E. G./

Examiner, Art Unit 1794

/KEITH D. HENDRICKS/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1794